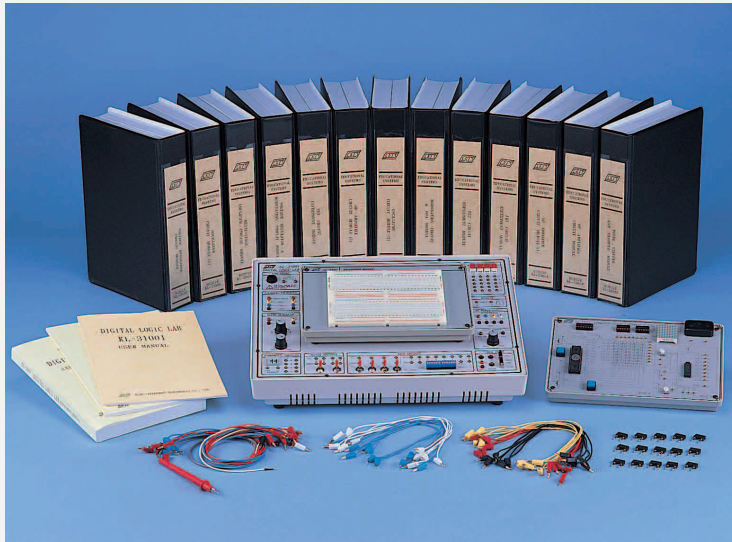


## KL-300 DIGITAL LOGIC LAB



The KL-300 DIGITAL LOGIC LAB is a comprehensive and self-contained system suitable for anyone engaged in digital logic experiments. All necessary equipment for digital logic experiments such as power supply, signal generator, switches and displays are installed on the main unit. The 13 modules cover a wide variety of essential topics in the field of digital logic. It is a time and cost saving trainer for both students and engineers interested in developing and testing circuit prototypes.

- Suitable for combinational logic, sequential logic and microprocessor circuits design and experiments
- Ideal tool for learning the basics of digital logic circuits
- Comprehensive power, signal supply and testing devices for convenient experiments
- Experiments are expandible and flexible with universal breadboard
- Capable of processing TTL, CMOS, NMOS, PMOS and ELC circuits
- All supply units are equipped with overload protection for safety purpose
- All modules equipped with 8-bit DIP switch for failure simulations
- Individual keeping cases for all modules for easy storing and carrying

### SPECIFICATIONS

#### MAIN UNIT(KL-31001)

##### POWER SUPPLY

##### 1. Dual DC Power Supply

(1) Voltage Range : +5V, 1.5A; -5V, 0.3A, ±12V, 0.3A

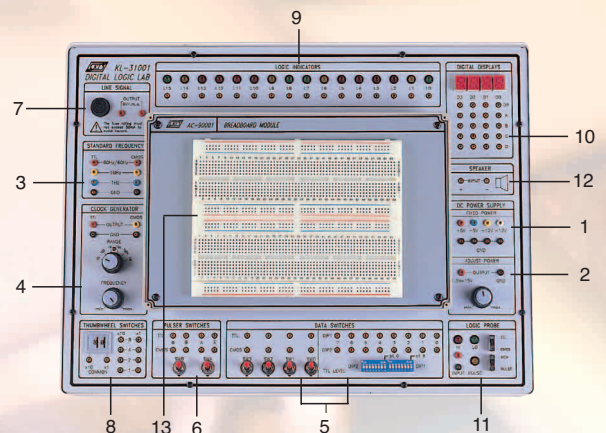
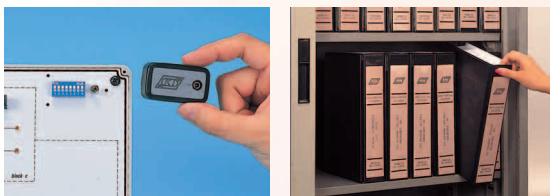
(2) With output overload protection

##### 2. Adjustable DC Power Supply

(1) Voltage Range : +1.5V ~ +15V

(2) Maximum Current Output : 0.5A

(3) With output overload protection



KL-31001

## Signal Generator

All signal generators have independent and simultaneous TTL and CMOS level output terminal. CMOS level output ranges from +1.5V to +15V and is controlled by the knob of voltage adjustment on the adjustable DC Power Supply Unit.

### 3. Standard Frequency

- (1) Frequency : 1MHz, 60Hz, 1Hz
- (2) Accuracy :  $\pm 0.01\%$  (1MHz)
- (3) Fanout : 10 TTL load

### 4. Clock Signal Generator

- (1) Frequency : 1Hz-1MHz (6 Ranges)
  - a. 1Hz ~ 10Hz
  - b. 10Hz ~ 100Hz
  - c. 100Hz ~ 1KHz
  - d. 1KHz ~ 10KHz
  - e. 10KHz ~ 100KHz
  - f. 100KHz ~ 1MHz
- (2) Fanout : 10 TTL load

### 5. Data Switch

- (1) 8-bit DIP switch  $\times 2$ , 16-bit TTL level output.
- (2) Toggle switch  $\times 4$ , each with DEBOUNCE circuit
- (3) Fanout : 10 TTL load

### 6. Pulser Switch

- (1) 2 sets of independent control output.
- (2) Each set with Q,  $\bar{Q}$  output, pulse width > 5ms
- (3) Each set of switch with DEBOUNCE circuit
- (4) Fanout : 10 TTL load

### 7. Line Signal Generator

- (1) Frequency : 50/60Hz
- (2) Output Voltage : 6Vrms
- (3) With overload protection.

### 8. Thumbwheel Switch

2-digit, BCD code output, common point input

## Display

### 9. Logic Indicator

- (1) 16 sets of independent LED indicates high and low logic state
- (2) Input Impedence: < 100K $\Omega$

### 10. Digital Display

- (1) 4 sets of independent 7-segment LED display
- (2) With BCD, 7-segment decoder/driver and DP input
- (3) Input with 8-4-2-1 code

## Testing Devices

### 11. Logic Probe

- (1) TTL and CMOS level
- (2) 5mm LED displays
- (3) "Lo" and "Hi" LED display low and high logic state respectively

### 12. Speaker

One 8 $\Omega$ , 0.25W speaker with driver circuit

## Breadboard Moudles (AC-90001)

### 13. Breadboard

1680 tie-point breadboard on top panel can be easily put in and taken off

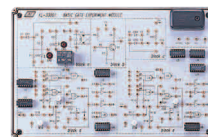
## ACCESSORIES

- 14. (1) Connector Leads : a. 2mm-0.65mm, 300mmL, 6pcs  
b. 2mm-2mm, 450mmL, 10pcs
- (2) Test Probe : 2mm-2mm, 600mmL, 1pce
- (3) User's Manual
- (4) AC Cord
- (5) Anti-Dust Cover

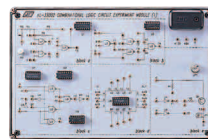
## EXPERIMENT MODULES

- 1. All 13 modules equipped with an 8-bit DIP switch for failure simulation. Users learn how to solve various problems by setting the DIP switch to different positions
- 2. Solutions for all failure test are listed in the experiment manual for user's reference
- 3. 2mm plugs and sockets used throughout the main unit and all modules
- 4. Comprehensive experiment manual and instructor's manual.
- 5. Module dimension: 255x165x30mm
- 6. Connection plugs are used on the modules to prevent accidental damages
- 7. Individual keeping case for each module

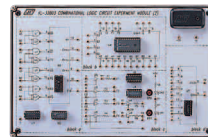
## LIST OF MODULES



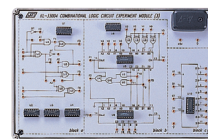
KL-33001: Basic Logic Gates Experiments



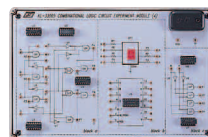
KL-33002: Combinational Logic Circuit Experiments (1)



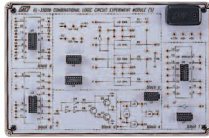
KL-33003: Combinational Logic Circuit Experiments (2)



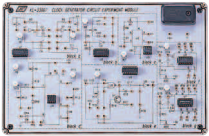
KL-33004: Combinational Logic Circuit Experiments (3)



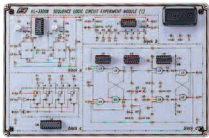
KL-33005: Combinational Logic Circuit Experiments (4)



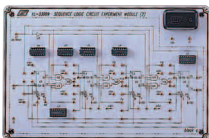
KL-33006: Combinational Logic Circuit Experiments (5)



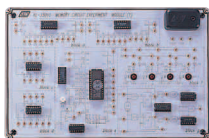
KL-33007: Clock Generator Circuit Experiments



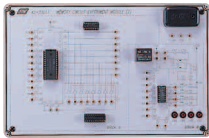
KL-33008: Sequential Logic Circuit Experiments (1)



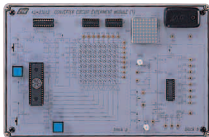
KL-33009: Sequential Logic Circuit Experiments (2)



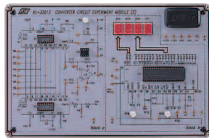
KL-33010: Memory Circuit Experiments (1)



KL-33011: Memory Circuit Experiments (2)



KL-33012: Converter Circuit Experiments (1)



KL-33013: Converter Circuit Experiments (2)

## LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

### 1. Basic Logic Gates Experiments

- 1-1 Introduction to Logic Gates and Switches .....KL-33001(A)
- 1-2 Logic Gates Circuits
  - a. Diode Logic (DL) Circuit.....KL-33001(C)
  - b. Resistor-Transistor Logic (RTL) Circuit .....KL-33001(B)
  - c. Diode-Transistor Logic (DTL) Circuit .....KL-33001(B.C)
  - d. Transistor-Transistor Logic (TTL) Circuit .....KL-33001(D)
  - e. CMOS Logic Circuit .....KL-33001(E)
- 1-3 Threshold Voltage Measurement
  - a. TTL Threshold Voltage Measurement .....KL-33001(A)
  - b. CMOS Threshold Voltage Measurement .....KL-33001(B)

- 1-4 Voltage/Current Measurement
  - a. TTL I/O Voltage/Current Measurement .....KL-33001(A)
  - b. CMOS Voltage/Current Measurement .....KL-33001(B)
- 1-5 Basic Logic Gate Transmission Delay Measurement
  - a. TTL Gate Delay Time Measurement .....KL-33001(A)
  - b. CMOS Gate Delay Time Measurement .....KL-33001(A)
- 1-6 Measurement of Basic Logic Gates Characteristics
  - a. AND Gate Characteristics Measurement.....KL-33001(A.B)
  - b. OR Gate Characteristics Measurement .....KL-33001(A.B)
  - c. INVERTER Gate Characteristics Measurement .....KL-33001(A.B)
  - d. NAND Gate Characteristics Measurement ..KL-33001(A.B)
  - e. NOR Gate Characteristics Measurement.....KL-33001(A.B)
  - f. XOR Gate Characteristics Measurement.....KL-33001(A.B)
- 1-7 Interface Between Logic Gates
  - a. TTL to CMOS interface .....KL-33001(A)
  - b. CMOS to TTL interface .....KL-33001(B)

### 2. Combinational Logic Circuits Experiments

- 2-1 NOR Gate Circuits .....KL-33002(A)
- 2-2 NAND Gate Circuit .....KL-33002(B)
- 2-3 XOR Gate Circuit
  - a. Constructing XOR Gate with NAND Gate ....KL-33002(B)
  - b. Constructing XOR Gate with Basic Gate .....KL-33002(C)
- 2-4 AND-OR-INVERT (AOI) Gate Circuit .....KL-33002(C)
- 2-5 Comparator Circuits
  - a. Comparator Constructed with Basic Logic Gates .....KL-33002(C)
  - b. Comparator Constructed with TTL IC .....KL-33002(D)
- 2-6 Schmitt Gate Circuit .....KL-33002(A)
- 2-7 Open-Collector Gate Circuits
  - a. High Voltage/Current Circuit.....KL-33002(E)
  - b. Constructing an AND Gate with Open-Collector Gate .....KL-33002(E)
- 2-8 Tristate Gate Circuits
  - a. Truth Table Measurements .....KL-33003(C)
  - b. Constructing an AND Gate with Tristate Gate .....KL-33003(C)
  - c. Bidirectional Transmission Circuit .....KL-33003(C)
- 2-9 Half-Adder and Full-Adder Circuits
  - a. Constructing HA with Basic Logic Gates .....KL-33004(A)
  - b. Full Adder Circuit .....KL-33004(B)
  - c. High-Speed Adder Carry Generator Circuit ..KL-33003(A)
  - d. BCD Code Adder Circuit .....KL-33004(B)
- 2-10 Half-Subtractor and Full-Subtractor Circuit
  - a. Subtractor Circuit Constructed with Basic Logic Gates .....KL-33004(A)
  - b. Full Adder and Inverter Circuit .....KL-33004(B)
- 2-11 Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU) Circuit .....KL-33003(B)
- 2-12 Bit Parity Generator Circuit
  - a. Bit Parity Generator Constructed with XOR Gates .....KL-33004(A)
  - b. Bit Parity Generator IC .....KL-33003(C)

# Educational & Training Equipment

## 2-13 Encoder Circuit

- a. Constructing a 4-to-2 Encoder with Basic Gates .....KL-33005(A)
- b. Constructing a 10-to-4 Encoder with TTL IC .....KL-33004(C)

## 2-14 Decoder Circuit

- a. Constructing a 2-to-4 Decoder with Basic Gates .....KL-33005(C)
- b. Constructing a 4-to-10 Decoder with TTL IC .....KL-33004(C)

## 2-15 Multiplexer Circuit

- a. Constructing a 2-to-1 Multiplexer .....KL-33006(E)
- b. Using Multiplexers to Create Functions .....KL-33006(F)
- c. Constructing a 8-to-1 Multiplexer with TTL IC .....KL-33006(F)

## 2-16 Demultiplexer Circuit

- a. Constructing a 2-output Demultiplexer .....KL-33006(E)
- b. Constructing a 8-output Demultiplexer .....KL-33006(B)

## 2-17 Digitally Controlled Analog Multiplexer/Demultiplexer Circuit

- a. Analog Switch Characteristics .....KL-33006(B)
- b. Bidirectional Transmission with CMOS IC Analog Switches .....KL-33006(C,D)

## 3. Clock Generator Circuit Experiments

### 3-1 Constructing Oscillator Circuit with Basic Logic Gates

- .....KL-33007(A)

### 3-2 Constructing Oscillator Circuit with Schmitt Gate

- .....KL-33007(B)

### 3-3 Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO) Circuit

- .....KL-33007(C)

### 3-4 555 IC Oscillator Circuit

- a. 555 Oscillator Circuit .....KL-33007(D)
- b. VCO Circuit .....KL-33007(D)

### 3-5 Monostable Multivibrator Circuits

- a. Low-Speed Monostable Multivibrator Circuits .....KL-33007(E)
- b. High-Speed Monostable Multivibrator Circuits .....KL-33007(E)
- c. Constructing Monostable Multivibrator Circuits .....KL-33007(D)
- d. Constructing Non-Retriggerable Circuit with TTL-IC .....KL-33007(F)
- e. Constructing Retriggerable Circuit with TTL-IC .....KL-33007(G)
- f. Constructing a Variable Duty Cycle Oscillator Circuit with Monostable Multivibrator .....KL-33008(A)

## 4. Sequential Logic Circuit Experiments

### 4-1 Flip-Flop Circuits

- a. Constructing a R-S Flip-Flop with a Basic Logic Gates .....KL-33008(D)
- b. Constructing a D Flip-Flop with a R-S Flip-Flop .....KL-33008(D)
- c. Constructing a T Flip-Flop with a D Flip-Flop .....KL-33008(D)
- d. Constructing a J-K Flip-Flop with a R-S Flip-Flop .....KL-33008(D)

### e. Constructing a Shift Register with a D Flip-Flop

- .....KL-33008(C)
- f. Preset Left/Right Shift Register .....KL-33008(B)
- g. Constructing a Noise Elimination Circuit with R-S Flip-Flop .....KL-33008(D)

### 4-2 J-K Flip-Flop Circuits

- a. Asynchronous Binary Up-Counter .....KL-33009(A)
- b. Asynchronous Decade Up-Counter .....KL-33010(D)
- c. Asynchronous Divide-by-N Up-Counter .....KL-33010(C)
- d. Asynchronous Binary Down-Counter .....KL-33009(A)
- e. Synchronous Binary Up-Counter .....KL-33009(A)
- f. Synchronous Binary Up/Down Counter .....KL-33009(A)
- g. Presettable Synchronous Binary Up/Down Counter .....KL-33010(A)
- h. Presettable Synchronous Decimal Up/Down Counter .....KL-33010(B)
- i. Ring Counter .....KL-33009(A)
- j. Johnson's Counter .....KL-33009(A)

## 5. Memory Circuit Experiments

### 5-1 Constructing READ ONLY MEMORY (ROM) with Diodes

- .....KL-33010(F)

### 5-2 Constructing RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) with

- D Flip-Flop .....KL-33010(G)

### 5-3 64-bit RAM Circuit

- .....KL-33010(B)

### 5-4 ERASABLE PROGRAMMABLE READ ONLY MEMORY

- (EPROM) Circuit .....KL-33010(E)

### 5-5 Electronic EPROM (EEPROM) Circuit

- .....KL-33011(A)

### 5-6 Constructing Dynamic Scanning Counter with Single-chip

- Microprocessor .....KL-33012(A)

## 6. Converter Circuit Experiment

### 6-1 Digital/Analog Converter (DAC) Circuit

- a. Unipolar DAC Circuit .....KL-33013(A)
- b. Bipolar DAC Circuit .....KL-33013(A)

### 6-2 Analog/Digital Converter (ADC) Circuit

- a. 8-bit Converter Circuit .....KL-33012(B)
- b. 3 1/2-digit Converter Circuit .....KL-33013(B)

## ACCESSORIES (KL-38002)

1. Connector Leads : 2mm-2mm, 300mmL, 25pcs.
2. Connect Plugs : 2mm, 10mm pitch, 10pcs.
3. Experiment manual and Instructor's manual
4. Key : 1pc.

## GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. Individual storage case for each module (205x295x65mm)
2. Power Source : 110V/220V  $\pm$  10%, 50/60Hz
3. Operating Temperature : 0° C~50° C
4. Humidity : <90% relative humidity
5. Dimension : 400 x 300 x 130mm
6. Weight : Approx. 5kg